

SANATANA RESOURCES INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

March 31, 2015



908—925 West Georgia Street
Vancouver BC, Canada V6C 3L2

T 604.408.6680 F 604.608.9500 TOLL FREE 1.877.881.6680
E Info@SanatanaResources.com W www.SanatanaResources.com

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This management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") contains certain forward-looking statements that are prospective and reflect management's expectations regarding Sanatana Resources Inc.'s ("Sanatana" or the "Company") future growth, results of operations, performance and business prospects and opportunities. Forward-looking information can often be identified by forward-looking words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "goal", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "may" and "will" or similar words suggesting future outcomes, or other expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions, intentions or statements about future events or performance. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this MD&A including without limitation, statements regarding potential mineralization and resources or reserves, estimates of future production, unit costs, costs of capital projects and timing of commencement of operations, exploration results and future plans and objectives of Sanatana are forward-looking statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from Sanatana's expectations are disclosed in its documents filed from time to time with the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSX-V") and other regulatory authorities and include, but are not limited to, failure to establish estimated resources and reserves, the grade and recovery of ore to be mined varying from estimates, capital and operating costs varying significantly from estimates, delays in obtaining or failures to obtain required governmental, environmental or other project approvals, inflation, changes in exchange rates, fluctuations in commodity prices, delays in the development of projects and other factors.

Shareholders and prospective investors should be aware that these statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking information. By its nature, forward-looking information involves numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, that contribute to the possibility that the predictions, forecasts, projections and various future events will not occur. Sanatana undertakes no obligation to update publicly or otherwise revise any forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or other such factors which affect this information, except as required by law.

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Introduction

This MD&A has been prepared as of July 15, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements and related notes for the year ended March 31, 2015. This MD&A is intended to provide the reader with a review of the Company's performance for the year ended March 31, 2015 and through to the date of this report, and the factors reasonably expected to impact future operations and results. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risk factors set out above.

The Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee.

All financial statement amounts in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Incorporation and Listing Information

Sanatana was incorporated as Sanatana Diamonds Inc. under the British Columbia *Business Companies Act* on June 25, 2004. In November 2005, the Company became a reporting issuer in every province and territory of Canada, except Quebec. The Company's common shares trade on the TSX-V as a mining exploration and development company under the symbol "STA". In 2011, the Company changed its name to Sanatana Resources Inc. to better reflect the broader nature of its mineral exploration activities.

Operating Report

The Company is an exploration stage company and is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of exploration and evaluation assets. The Company's operations are focused on the Watershed Property in Ontario. See *Watershed Property* below.

Sanatana's exploration programs are carried out under the supervision of the Company's vice president of exploration, Buddy Doyle, and exploration manager, Troy Gill. Mr. Gill meets the qualified person requirements of *National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("NI 43-101") and is responsible for the geoscientific and technical disclosure contained in this document.

Corporate Developments

- In April 2015, the Ontario Mining and Lands Commissioner (the "Commissioner") ordered Trelawney Mining and Exploration Inc. ("Trelawney") to pay the Company its costs of defending Trelawney's failed easement application in connection with the Watershed Property and in May 2015 the Company received \$402,190, representing payment in full for costs.
- In January 2015, the Company acquired additional mineral tenure at its Green Lake property, increasing its land position to 85,000 hectares.
- In November 2014, Trelawney withdrew its easement application in connection with the Watershed Project (see *Trelawney Easement Application* below).

- In October 2014, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement issuing 2,500,000 flow-through units at \$0.12 per unit for gross proceeds of \$300,000. See *Share Capital* below.

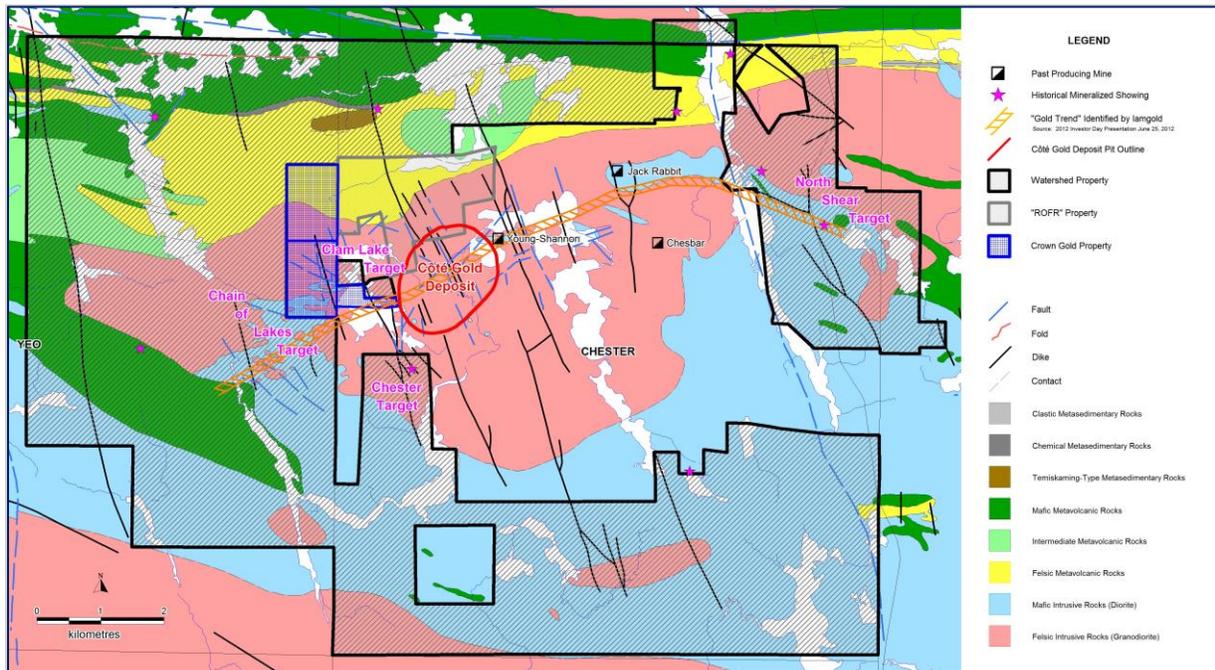
Watershed Property

Introduction

The Watershed Property comprises a 50% interest in 46 mining claims and a 10% interest in three further mining claims (see *Option and Joint Venture Agreement* and *Area of Interest* below) covering a total of 7,904 hectares (Figure 1). The project area is located midway along Highway 144 between Sudbury and Timmins near the town of Gogama, Ontario. Major known prospects on the property include the Schist Lake area located in the Yeo township and the Chester Gold area located in the Chester township. The Company believes that this area is prospective based on its review of historical data and the local geology. Other companies have found evidence of gold mineralization in the area.

The geology of the Watershed Property area is typical of the Swayze Greenstone Belt in this area, comprising a structurally complex mafic to felsic metavolcano-sedimentary supracrustal sequence of rocks intruded in places by diorite to tonalite rocks of the Chester Intrusive Complex. There are ten historical high-grade gold mineralized showings highlighting the gold-bearing tenor of the property. Access to the property is via paved highway from Sudbury and Timmins, Ontario. A network of dirt roads crosses the property. The infrastructure in the area of the Watershed Property, including access to power, water, accommodation and other services, is excellent.

Figure 1: Watershed Property Claims



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Option and Joint Venture Agreement

In February 2011, Sanatana entered into an option and joint venture agreement with Augen Gold Corp. ("Augen"), as it then was, (the "Option and JV Agreement") regarding the Watershed Property. Trelawney subsequently acquired Augen and, through a corporate reorganization, renamed Augen as Trelawney Augen Acquisition Corp. ("TAAC"). Subsequently, in June 2012, IAMGOLD Corporation ("Iamgold") acquired Trelawney. The Company has posted a redacted copy of the Option and JV Agreement on SEDAR. The Company paid a finder's fee in connection with the Option and JV Agreement through the issuance of 678,571 common shares.

Under the terms of the Option and JV Agreement, Sanatana has the option to acquire up to a 51% undivided interest in the rights to 46 mineral concessions in Ontario (the "Core Property") free and clear of all encumbrances. The Core Property is located within the townships of Yeo, Chester, Neville and Benneweis and covers 7,691 hectares.

In November 2012, Sanatana exercised its first option and acquired a 50% undivided interest in the Core Property (the "50% Interest"). In order to exercise the 50% Interest, Sanatana paid \$150,000 in cash, issued 5,000,000 common shares and incurred over \$5,000,000 in work costs. Sanatana is the registered owner of the Watershed Property, which is to be held in trust for the benefit of the parties in accordance with their respective interests.

Earn-in of up to 51% Interest

Sanatana has the right to earn a further 1% interest in the Core Property, for a total undivided interest of 51%, free and clear of all encumbrances. In order to earn a 51% interest, Sanatana must prepare and deliver to TAAC (at Sanatana's sole cost) a pre-feasibility study on or before March 23, 2016. Sanatana is considering its options in this regard and has until March 23, 2016 to decide whether to exercise its right to acquire the 51% interest. The parties will form a joint venture to further explore the Core Property on the earlier of (1) the date that Sanatana exercises its right to acquire a 51% interest; or (2) the date Sanatana surrenders its right to acquire a 51% interest, as applicable. In any event, the parties will form a joint venture no later than March 23, 2016.

Joint Venture

Sanatana has the right to be the manager of the joint venture when it is formed and will manage exploration work as directed by a management committee based on the parties' respective interests in the joint venture. Ultimately, if Sanatana acquires a 51% interest (and assuming that it does not dilute its interest in the joint venture), Sanatana will control the management committee and so control the instructions the management committee gives to the manager to establish exploration programs.

Sanatana has elected to continue exploring the Core Property and continues to be credited for related work costs. Specifically, any work costs incurred by Sanatana in excess of the work costs required to earn its interest in the Core Property will be credited to Sanatana's contribution to the first work program after formation of the joint venture and will not automatically dilute the participating interest of TAAC on formation. To March 31, 2015, Sanatana has incurred \$4,691,000 in work costs in addition to the \$5,000,000 in work costs that Sanatana spent to acquire the 50% Interest.

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Area of Interest

The Core Property is protected by an area of interest extending at least one kilometre from any portion of the Core Property (the "AOI") as it existed as of the date of the Option and JV Agreement. If a party to the Option and JV Agreement (or its affiliate) acquires any interest in mining claims or any other form of mineral tenure located wholly or partly in the AOI (the "AOI Tenure"), then the acquiring party must immediately notify the other party and provide (1) details of the related costs and (2) all details in its possession with respect to the nature of the AOI Tenure and its known mineralization. While the AOI extends at least one kilometre from the Core Property, the exact size of the AOI was redacted in the copy of the Option and JV Agreement that Sanatana filed on SEDAR and has not been publicly disclosed.

Participation Right

TAAC has the right to purchase up to 10% of any securities issued by Sanatana in a brokered or non-brokered offering. The participation right terminates on the termination of the Option and JV Agreement or formation of the joint venture. TAAC is prohibited from exercising the participation right if it (or any person or company acting jointly or in concert with TAAC) would in the aggregate beneficially own, or exercise control or direction over, 20% or more of the voting securities of Sanatana.

Trelawney Easement Application

On April 26, 2013, Trelawney, a subsidiary of Iamgold, filed an application with the Commissioner seeking easement rights on the Watershed Property. The proposed easements would have had a materially adverse effect on Sanatana's ability to raise funding for and to explore the Watershed Property. The Commissioner scheduled a hearing to address this matter in November 2014; however, on the first day of the hearing Trelawney advised the Commissioner that it wished to discontinue the hearing with consent from Sanatana. Both parties subsequently filed materials regarding costs and a hearing was held on January 6, 2015 to address this matter after which the Commissioner ordered that Trelawney pay costs of \$402,190 to Sanatana. The Company has posted a copy of the Commissioner's orders regarding discontinuance and costs on its website (www.sanatanaresources.com) under "Easement Dispute".

Purchase of Rights Under the AOI

Rights Acquired

Trelawney, an affiliate of TAAC, previously acquired a 20% undivided legal and beneficial interest in and to unpatented mining claims 4240522, 4241016 and 4220425 (the "Clam Lake Property") over an area of 213 hectares situated in the Yeo and Chester townships, which are within the AOI. Concurrently, TAAC took an assignment of Crown Gold Corporation's ("Crown Gold") rights under an amendment and assignment of mining claim acquisition agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement").

Having reviewed the geological information associated with the Clam Lake Property along with the Acquisition Agreement, Sanatana elected to (1) have the interest in the Clam Lake Property form part of the Watershed Property for the benefit of Sanatana and TAAC and (2) acquire the rights under the Acquisition Agreement. The acquisition costs for the interest in the Clam Lake Property and the assignment of the Acquisition Agreement totalled \$143,317 and the Company has reimbursed TAAC for this amount.

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Under the terms of the underlying Acquisition Agreement the Clam Lake Property are subject to the following terms:

- The 20% undivided legal and beneficial interest in the Clam Lake Property is identified as a “carried interest” under the Acquisition Agreement and is defined to mean that, until completion of a positive pre-feasibility study, all costs and expenses of the exploration programs, preparation and filing of assessment reports and other obligations relating to the Clam Lake Property are the sole obligation of Trelawney and Sanatana will not have any obligation in that regard.
- Upon completion and delivery of a positive pre-feasibility study to Sanatana and TAAC, Trelawney, TAAC and Sanatana will enter into a joint venture agreement for the further exploration and development of the Clam Lake Property on terms to be negotiated in good faith between the parties.
- If Sanatana and TAAC's interest in the Clam Lake Property is diluted to an amount less than 10% then such interest which is less than 10% will be converted into a 2% net smelter return royalty.
- So long as Sanatana and TAAC have any interest in the Clam Lake Property, Trelawney is required to deliver to Sanatana no less than quarter-yearly, complete copies of all reports, files, maps, core, samples, data and other information regarding the Clam Lake Property.
- The Clam Lake Property is subject to 2% net smelter return royalty, which can be reduced to 1% by paying the royalty holders \$1,000,000 at any time.

Trelawney recently commenced a drill program on the Clam Lake Property. See *Exploration Activities - Drilling Completed by Trelawney* below.

Exploration Activities

Before Sanatana's Involvement

There was historic exploration on the Watershed Property that included grab sampling, geophysical surveys, and diamond drilling. The grab sampling returned gold assays of up to 270 g/t Au from historical gold showings.

TAAC (at that time operating as Augen Gold Corp.) had recently completed a DIGHEM (Fugro) airborne magnetic and electromagnetic (“EM”) survey on its South Swayze property, which at the time included the Company's current Watershed Property, and more locally had undertaken diamond drilling on the Chester Gold area and Schist Lake area. Drilling failed to identify significant gold mineralization underlying the historic gold occurrences in either of these areas.

Work Completed by Sanatana

Sanatana engaged Caracle Creek International Consulting Inc. (“CCIC”) to compile all available data for the Watershed area into a project 3-D model that would be used as a basis for generating targets on which to focus efforts in the field. The four key areas of Clam Lake, Chain of Lakes, Chester and North Shear were highlighted from this study (Figure 1).

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The Company completed several geophysical, geochemical and geological surveys on the property from June 2011 to April 2013 at regional and local scales in order to build on the project 3-D model and to better understand the geological setting and gold mineralization potential.

Geophysical work included; an airborne EM survey by Geotech Ltd. using its proprietary ZTEM system covering the entire Watershed Property at 200-metre line spacing, an induced polarization ("IP") survey covering approximately 25 line-kilometres on the key prospects of the Watershed Property conducted by CCIC using the proprietary EarthProbe method, and four small scale ground magnetic surveys over parts of the key prospect areas. CCIC also conducted down hole IP using the EarthProbe method on selected drill holes at Clam Lake to check for possible "near miss" scenarios and DGI Geoscience Inc. ("DGI") conducted down hole geophysical data logging of the drill holes collecting structural measurements and a range of physical rock properties.

Geological and geochemical work included fact mapping and rock sampling over the entire property area, a regional soil sampling program was completed collecting 1,453 samples and a program of outcrop stripping with detailed geological mapping and channel sampling of the exposed bedrock over selected IP anomalies at all four key areas of the property to assist in interpretation of the IP data and the locating of drill holes to test the subsurface targets.

The Company completed diamond drilling over five areas on the Watershed Property from October 2011 until March 2013, comprising 43 drill holes totaling 17,131 metres.

The bulk of the drilling was focused on the Clam Lake claim #3011820, where the Company has defined a zone of lower grade disseminated gold mineralization hosted in an intensely silicified breccia and quartz veins that warranted further study. CCIC was engaged to undertake the geological modelling and to compile a technical report on the outcomes. Over 1,000 check assay samples were collected from the drill sample pulps and submitted to ALS for gold and specific gravity analysis as an integral part of the QA/QC study and resource estimate.

For details of the all the exploration results refer to the Company's website and new releases available there and on SEDAR.

Drilling Completed by TAAC

A drill hole completed by TAAC in 2011 (WC11-132) and collared within the lamgold affiliated mining claim area was found to have unintentionally drifted onto mining claim 3011820 of the Watershed Property. All relevant data was made available to the Company. No significant intervals of mineralization were intercepted by the drill hole due to the high angle at which the hole entered the mining claim compared to the mineralized trends. The cost of the drilling conducted within mining claim 3011820 was filed as assessment work on that claim.

Drilling Completed by Trelawney

In November 2013, Trelawney drilled three exploration drill holes (892.5 metres) on the Clam Lake Property on the west side of Clam Lake and returned an intersection of five metres (estimated 2.5 metres true width) at 63.2 g/t Au (uncut) from 143.0 metres down hole CLM13-02 at the eastern edge of the South IP Anomaly. No significant results were reported from the other two drill holes (CLM13-01 and CLM13-03). The mineralized interval was hosted by a sulphidic deformation zone (subsequently named the Hava Deformation Zone)

In the third quarter of 2014, Trelawney completed an intensive exploration program following up on the gold mineralization at the Hava Deformation Zone. Field work included a down hole rock

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properties survey of drill hole CLM13-02, systematic geochemical sampling and analysis of previously stripped outcrops as well as newly exposed areas that were mapped to extend the known area of the Hava zone and the completion of a nine hole 1,881 metre drill program. Five of the drill holes intersected the shear zone at around the projected target depths as planned and four of these holes had intercepts containing visible gold logged.

Trelawney has proposed to undertake further exploration fieldwork on the Hava Deformation Zone and the Clam Lake property. Sanatana currently has a 10% carried interest in the Clam Lake Property and has the right to earn up to a 10.2% carried interest (see *Rights Acquired Under the AOI* above).

Current Field Programs

Geostatistical analysis of the drill core sample gold assays and gold resource calculations on the mineralized bodies interpreted from the drill data are ongoing in support of calculating a resources estimate and completing a technical report on the Clam Lake claim. The Company is in the process of applying for exploration permits under the new Ontario mining regulations in order to continue prospecting and drilling field programs across the Watershed Property.

The Company plans to spend \$91,000 on the Watershed Property from April to December 2015.

Green Lake Property

In February 2014, the Company acquired a 100% interest in four mineral claims covering a combined area of approximately 6,000 hectares near Green Lake, Saskatchewan. The mineral claims were acquired using the online Mineral Administration Registry Saskatchewan system. Based on its review of publicly available airborne magnetic and ground geochemical data, the Company believes the properties are prospective for diamondiferous kimberlite exploration.

In January 2015, the Company acquired additional mineral tenure to increase its land position to 85,000 hectares. The Company acquired this tenure after a geochemical sampling program completed in 2014 confirmed the presence of kimberlitic indicator minerals in the surface sediments.

In order to keep the Green Lake property in good standing, the Company must spend \$1,275,000 over the next two years. The Company has held preliminary meetings with the local community to develop an exploration plan. Once the local community and the Company have reached an agreement, the Company plans to undertake a larger exploration program, if funding permits.

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Financial

Financial amounts in the narrative have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

Exploration and evaluation asset costs formed the bulk of the Company's expenditures in the period. These costs before impairment provisions are set out in the following table:

	Year Ended March 31 2015 \$	Year Ended March 31 2014 \$
Watershed Property		
Acquisition costs	-	143,317
Contractor and consultant	119,465	271,072
Field and camp	13,504	62,449
Permitting and other	26,992	27,770
Project management fees	112,250	159,000
Sampling and assays	25,129	67,278
Transport and accommodation	25,742	83,260
	323,082	814,146
Cryderman Property		
Acquisition costs	-	4,536
Green Lake Property		
Acquisition costs	48,061	3,531
Contractor and consultant	8,476	1,480
Field and camp	11,084	127
Project management fees	51,250	6,500
Sampling and assays	-	146
Transport and accommodation	17,690	3,406
	136,561	15,190
All exploration and evaluation expenditures	459,643	833,872

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Selected Annual and Quarterly Financial Data

Year Ended	March 31 2015 \$	March 31 2014 \$	March 31 2013 \$
Results of operations:			
Loss for the year	(1,062,805)	(7,520,917)	(1,302,498)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.07)	(0.01)
Financial condition:			
Cash and cash equivalents	94,403	284,063	791,267
Exploration and evaluation assets	4,562,595	4,102,952	9,339,616
Total assets	4,884,902	4,772,485	10,705,785
Shareholders' equity	3,652,631	3,954,648	10,253,990
Cash flow:			
Exploration expenditures	426,131	987,939	4,715,203
Common share proceeds (gross)	759,500	1,128,000	4,169,205

The Company did not have any sales, discontinued operations, extraordinary items, cash dividends or long-term liabilities in the period under review. Material factors affecting operations and exploration and evaluation asset expenditures are described elsewhere in this MD&A.

Quarter Ended	Cash and Equivalents \$	Exploration and Evaluation Assets \$	Loss for the Quarter ¹ \$	Loss per Share ¹ (Basic and Diluted) \$
June 30, 2013	285,565	9,730,577	(270,196)	(0.00)
September 30, 2013	417,976	10,032,448	(501,557)	(0.00)
December 31, 2013	477,578	4,023,592	(6,365,516)	(0.05)
March 31, 2014	284,063	4,102,952	(383,648)	(0.00)
June 30, 2014	190,108	4,173,703	(250,601)	(0.00)
September 2014	635,384	4,295,474	(253,937)	(0.00)
December 31, 2014	253,551	4,454,504	(319,471)	(0.00)
March 31, 2015	94,403	4,562,595	(238,796)	(0.00)

¹ Sum of quarterly loss per share may not equal year-to-date amounts due to rounding.

The Company is an exploration stage company and has not generated any sales or revenues, nor has it had any extraordinary items or discontinued operations in the most recent eight fiscal quarters. As the Company is still in the exploration stage, variances in its quarterly losses are not affected by sales or production-related factors. Variances by quarter reflect overall exploration and corporate activity and certain factors that may not recur each quarter.

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Significant variations from the normal level of operating loss include:

- June 30, 2013, September 30, 2013, March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2014 – The Company incurred abnormally high legal costs regarding the Watershed Property.
- December 31, 2013 – The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$6,071,000 on its exploration and evaluation assets. See *Results of Operations for the Period* below.

Results of Operations for the Year

The principal factors necessary to understand the Company's results of operations are:

- To March 31, 2014, directors, including executive directors, were paid \$10,000 annually; the chairman of the board was paid \$20,000 annually. Effective March 31, 2014, the Company entered into a different fee arrangement with its new chairman who is paid a base fee of \$96,000 annually (see *Related Party Transactions* below). In April 2013, the board of directors agreed to defer payment of director fees until the Company's financial position improves.
- Investor relations expenses relate to investor communications, including maintaining and updating the website and disseminating news releases. The Company paid \$3,500 per month to an investor relations consultant until February 2015.
- Management fees and salaries represent amounts paid to officers, employees and contractors and related benefits, net of amounts capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets or allocated to property investigation costs. The Company's employees have agreed to defer part of their compensation until the Company's financial position improves (see *Liquidity* below).
- Professional fees were paid to lawyers and auditors. Legal fees in the current period continue to be high as the Company defends its property rights on the Watershed Property (see *Trelawney Easement Application*). With the resolution of Trelawney's easement application, the Company expects legal fees to be lower in the near term.
- Rent relates to the Company's office premises and a storage locker. During 2014, the Company moved into smaller offices with a shorter-term lease as part of its initiative to reduce overhead.
- Share-based payments represents the fair value of stock options recognized over their vesting term, calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.
- Travel and accommodation represents the cost for management travel to Sanatana's exploration and evaluation assets and for corporate development activities, but does not include the travel costs to inspect prospective acquisitions. Travel and accommodation expense fluctuates significantly from period to period depending on the initiatives under way.
- Interest and other income for fiscal 2015 primarily relates to a recovery of refundable deposits previously written off.
- Deferred income tax recovery represents the reversal of flow-through shares premium liability. This amount does not represent a cash flow to the Company.

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Results of Operations for the Fourth Quarter

Comprehensive Loss for the Quarter Ended March 31	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Expenses		
Depreciation	3,806	2,253
Director fees	34,000	12,500
Filing fees	5,475	6,271
Investor relations	8,092	17,942
Management salaries and wages	70,404	71,075
Professional fees	47,959	141,175
Share-based compensation	42,000	109,000
Other operating expenses	45,981	43,457
Loss before the undernoted	(257,717)	(403,673)
Interest and other income	30	1,933
Loss before income taxes	(257,687)	(401,740)
Deferred income tax recovery	18,891	18,092
Loss for the period	(238,796)	(383,648)

The level of operating expenses in the fourth quarter was lower than both the same quarter in fiscal 2014 and the preceding quarter ended December 31, 2014. The principal changes relative to the December 31, 2014 quarter were that (1) professional fees were much lower following discontinuance of Trelawney's easement application; and (2) the Company recorded a year-end accrual for audit fees.

Compared to the comparative period in 2014, (1) professional fees were similarly lower because of the discontinuation of Trelawney's easement application; (2) share-based compensation was lower because there was a large grant in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2014; and (3) director fees are higher in the current fiscal year reflecting the appointment of a new board chairman.

Liquidity

At March 31, 2015, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$94,000 and a working capital deficiency of \$1,108,000. Cash on hand is not sufficient to fund 12 months' activities; specific factors affecting the Company's liquidity are:

- In May 2015, the Company recovered costs of \$402,000 that were incurred to defend Trelawney's easement application claim (see *Trelawney Easement Application* above).
- The board of directors is deferring payment of certain director fees until the Company's financial position permits. The Company's employees have also agreed to defer a portion of their compensation. At March 31, 2015, deferred compensation owed to Sanatana's board and employees was \$301,000.
- Under the terms of flow-through financings, the Company is committed to spending \$91,000 before December 31, 2015. This obligation represents substantially all of Sanatana's cash at March 31, 2015. The Company cannot use these funds for administration.
- In the event of a settlement of the dispute with Trelawney, the Company may be obliged to pay a proportion of the settlement amount as compensation to its board chairman. See *Related Party Transactions* below.

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- The Company has a reclamation obligation for its former Mackenzie diamond exploration project in the Northwest Territories and must complete that reclamation by September 30, 2015. The Company has accrued estimated reclamation costs of \$100,000 in its financial statements but will be subject to a fine of up to \$100,000 if it does not complete the reclamation or otherwise reach an agreement with inspection agencies. In addition, employees of the Company may be personally subject to fines if the reclamation work is not completed.
- The Company's office lease expired in June 2015. For the foreseeable future, the Company plans to rent its office from month to month to provide maximum flexibility.
- An employment contract with the Company's CEO includes a six-month termination provision that could cost \$90,000. An employment contract with the Company's board chairman commits the Company to monthly payments of \$8,000 until March 31, 2016.

In the short term, Sanatana's CEO will fund essential expenditures. In the longer term, Sanatana expects to address its funding needs through private placements but may not be able to do so on acceptable terms or at all. If the Company's share price improves, warrant holders may exercise their share purchase warrants, but there can be no assurance that they will do so.

With the receipt of the Trelawney easement action costs, the Company has been able to address its most pressing liability obligations.

Related Party Transactions

At March 31, 2015, the Company had four employees and arrangements with contractors to provide certain administrative, accounting and management services. In addition, certain directors, officers and significant shareholders provide management and consulting services to the Company. Particulars of related party transactions are disclosed in note 15 of the March 31, 2015 financial statements.

The Company has a contract with its CEO that expires December 31, 2015 and provides for monthly compensation of \$15,000. There are early termination provisions which provide for a severance obligation which is approximately \$90,000 at the date of this MD&A.

The Company has a contract with its board chairman, Barry Fraser that provides for a monthly payment of \$8,000 until March 31, 2016 and the issuance of 1,500,000 options to purchase common shares at \$0.10 per share. The Company issued the 1,500,000 options to Mr. Fraser in March 2014. Sanatana also committed to award options to Mr. Fraser to purchase 500,000 common shares when there was sufficient grant headroom. At March 31, 2015, the Company was in a position to award these options but has not yet done so. The options are to be awarded at an exercise price no less than the grant date-prevailing market price of the Company's shares; the grant is subject to the rules of the TSX-V. The Company's March 31, 2015 financial statements include a liability for the estimated cost of awarding the options.

In the event that the Company reaches a settlement with Trelawney, Iamgold, or any of their affiliates regarding the Company's interests in the vicinity of the Côté gold deposit, or enters into a related transaction, the Company will pay a bonus to Barry Fraser. The bonus amount is to be determined as (a) 5% of any settlement or transaction amount up to \$10,000,000 (so the maximum amount payable under this part is \$500,000); and (b) 2.5% of the balance.

The Company has entered into change of control agreements with its directors, officers and employees. These agreements provide that in the event of a change of control, as defined, directors and officers of the company may be eligible to receive termination payments within 12 months of the change of control if they resign or are terminated. The amounts potentially

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payable are: Edward Marlow \$100,000; Peter Miles \$540,000; Buddy Doyle \$144,000; and Simon Anderson \$135,000. In addition, other employees would be eligible to receive up to an aggregate of \$537,600. The change of control agreements confirm that unvested stock options would vest immediately on a change of control.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Particulars of the Company's contractual obligations and commitments at March 31, 2015 are disclosed in note 18 to the March 31, 2015 financial statements and *Liquidity and Related Party Transactions* above.

In the year ended March 31, 2015, Sanatana satisfied its obligation to spend money on exploration activities arising from its December 2013 flow-through equity financing. The Company is subject to Part XII.6 tax, essentially a financing charge, on amounts not spent by January 31, 2014.

As a result of its October 2014 flow-through equity financing, the Company must still spend \$91,000 (as of March 31, 2015) on qualifying exploration expenditures by December 31, 2015 to avoid penalties. The Company is subject to Part XII.6 tax, essentially a financing charge, on amounts not spent by January 31, 2015.

Sanatana previously entered into a success fee agreement with a professional advisor that could have resulted in a payment and bonus on certain fees and a success fee of 1% of the transaction value if certain benchmarks were met. That agreement has now terminated without any obligation being incurred by the Company.

Share Capital

The Company had 120,973,573 common shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2014 and 127,761,073 common shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2015.

Private Placements

September 2014

In September 2014, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 2,750,000 units at \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$275,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional share at a price of \$0.12 per warrant share until September 17, 2015.

October 2014

In October 2014, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 2,500,000 flow-through units at \$0.12 per flow-through unit for gross proceeds of \$300,000. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant. Each whole flow-through unit warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional non-flow-through common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per flow-through unit warrant share until October 1, 2016.

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Share Option Plan

Plan Description

The Company has a rolling share option plan that provides an incentive to directors, officers, employees, management and others who provide services to the Company. Under the option plan, a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares at the time an option is granted, less common shares reserved for issuance on exercise of options then outstanding under the option plan, are reserved for options to be granted at the discretion of the board to eligible optionees.

Options granted under the option plan are non-assignable and non-transferable and are issuable for a period of up to ten years. In the case of employment or other contracting arrangements of a director, officer, employee or consultant of the Company being terminated, the options will immediately terminate without right to exercise. The board of directors of the Company determines the exercise price, which may be no less than the discounted market price, as defined in the option plan, at the day of grant. The Company's shareholders re-approved the plan in December 2014.

Option Forfeitures

During the year ended March 31, 2015, options to purchase up to 225,000 common shares at \$0.10 per share were forfeited. In June 2015, options to purchase up to 875,000 common shares at prices between \$0.10 and \$0.35 per share expired unexercised.

Share Purchase Warrants

In July 2014, warrant holders exercised warrants to purchase 1,537,500 common shares at \$0.12 per share for proceeds of \$185,000.

In September 2014, the Company cancelled 2,750,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.10 that were previously issued on December 20, 2013.

In September 2014, the Company issued 2,750,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.12 with an expiry of September 17, 2015.

In October 2014, the Company issued 1,250,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.15 with an expiry of October 1, 2016.

In November 2014, 3,006,750 warrants exercisable at \$0.40 expired.

Warrant Exercise Incentive Program

In September 2014, Sanatana introduced a warrant exercise incentive program to encourage the exercise of all the non-flow-through common share purchase warrants issued as part of the Company's December 2013 flow-through private placement ("Eligible Warrants") for further gross proceeds of up to \$275,000.

The Eligible Warrants were originally issued pursuant to the Company's private placement that closed on December 20, 2013. In total, there were 2,750,000 Eligible Warrants exercisable until December 20, 2015, to acquire 2,750,000 non-flow-through common shares in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.10 per common share. Pursuant to the terms of the incentive program, the holder of the Eligible Warrants could surrender the Eligible Warrants to the Company for cancellation and concurrently subscribe for 2,750,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of up to \$275,000. This incentive program was exercised in full and

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the Company issued 2,750,000 non-flow-through common shares and warrants to purchase 2,750,000 common shares at a price of \$0.12 per share until September 17, 2015.

Dividends

The Company has not paid any dividends in the past and does not expect to pay any dividends in the near future.

Outstanding Share Information

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company had the following securities issued and outstanding:

- 127,761,073 common shares;
- 13,455,000 share purchase warrants; and
- 10,950,000 stock options.

Fully diluted share capital is therefore 152,166,073 common shares. In addition to the dilutive factors above, the Company has committed to issue options to acquire a further 500,000 common shares, see *Related Party Transactions* above.

Risks and Uncertainties

Sanatana's business of mineral resource exploration involves a variety of operational, financial and regulatory risks that are typical in the natural resource industry. The Company attempts to mitigate these risks and minimize their effect on its financial performance, but there is no guarantee that the Company will be profitable in the future; Sanatana's common shares should therefore be considered speculative.

Capital Markets and Economic Uncertainty

Sanatana does not have sufficient cash or access to capital to complete the development of its exploration and evaluation assets, even if it were to find an economic mineral resource. The Company's business plan currently relies on obtaining funding through offerings of its equity.

Nature of Mineral Exploration and Development Projects

The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk. Few of the properties that are explored are ultimately developed into mines. Sanatana's properties are in the exploration stage. Proposed exploration programs are exploratory searches for such a deposit. The long-term profitability of the Company's operations will be in part directly related to the cost and success of its exploration programs, which may be affected by a number of factors that are beyond the control of the Company.

The Company's operations are subject to all the hazards and risks normally associated with mineral exploration, any of which could result in damage to life or property or the environment. The Company's operations may be subject to disruptions caused by unusual or unexpected formations, formation pressures, fires, power failures, flooding, explosions, cave-ins, landslides, the inability to obtain suitable or adequate equipment or machinery, labour disputes, or adverse weather conditions. Although the Company maintains insurance to cover normal business risks, the availability of insurance for many of the hazards and risks is extremely limited or uneconomical at this time. Through high operating standards, Sanatana works to reduce these risks.

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In the event the Company is fortunate enough to discover a sizable deposit, the economics of commercial production depend on many factors, including the cost of operations, the size, quantity and quality of ore concentration of gold, proximity to infrastructure, financing costs and government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, land use and environmental protection. The effects of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but any combination of these factors could adversely affect the economics of commencement or continuation of commercial production.

The profitability of the Company's operations will be dependent on the market price of the resources it is seeking, currently gold and diamonds. Resource prices are affected by factors beyond the control of the Company, including international economic and political conditions, levels of supply and demand and international currency exchange rates.

Success in establishing reserves is the result of a number of factors, including the quality of management, the Company's level of geological and technical expertise, the quality of land available for exploration, the availability of suitable contractors and other factors. If mineralization is discovered, the initial phases of drilling may take several years until production is possible, during which time the economic feasibility of production may change. Substantial expenditures are required to establish reserves through drilling, to determine the optimal metallurgical process and to construct mining and processing facilities. Because of these uncertainties, no assurance can be given that exploration programs will result in the establishment or expansion of resources or reserves.

Licenses and Permits, Laws and Regulations

Sanatana's exploration activities require permits from various government authorities and are subject to extensive federal, provincial and local laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health and safety, mine safety and other matters. Such laws and regulations are subject to change, can become more stringent and compliance can therefore become more costly. Sanatana draws on the expertise and commitment of its management team, directors, advisors and contractors to ensure compliance with current laws and fosters a climate of open communication and cooperation with regulatory bodies.

The Company believes that it holds all necessary licenses, and will receive all necessary permits under applicable laws and regulations, and believes it is presently complying in all material respects with the terms of such licenses and permits. There is no assurance that future changes in applicable regulations, if any, will not adversely affect the Company's operations. Government approvals and permits are required in connection with the exploration activities proposed for the Company's properties. To the extent such approvals are required and not obtained, the Company's planned exploration and development activities may be delayed, curtailed, or cancelled entirely.

Competing Interests with Trelawney

The Company's interests and those of Iamgold, Trelawney and TAAC (see *Watershed Property* above) are not necessarily aligned and, from time to time, it may be necessary for the Company to incur costs to defend its interests or risk an impairment of its assets.

Claim Titles and Aboriginal Rights

Aboriginal rights may be claimed on Crown properties or other types of tenure with respect to which mining rights have been conferred. The Company is not aware of any aboriginal land claims having been asserted or any legal actions relating to aboriginal issues having been instituted with respect to the Watershed Property.

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Conflicts of Interest

Certain of the Company's directors, officers and significant shareholders are or may become shareholders, directors or officers of other natural resource companies, and, to the extent that such other companies may participate in ventures with the Company, these individuals may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and concluding terms respecting the extent of such participation. In the event that such a conflict of interest arises at a meeting of the directors, a director who has such a conflict will abstain from voting for or against the approval of such participation or of its terms. In appropriate cases the Company will establish a special committee of independent directors to review a matter in which one or more directors or officers may have a conflict.

From time to time, the Company, together with several other companies, may be involved in a joint venture opportunity where several companies participate in the acquisition, exploration and development of natural resource properties, thereby permitting the Company to be involved in a greater number of larger projects with an associated reduction of financial exposure in any given project. The Company may also assign all or a portion of its interest in a particular project to any of these companies due to the financial position of the other company or companies.

In accordance with the laws of the province of British Columbia, the directors are required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to furthering the best interest of the Company. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in a particular program and the interest therein to be acquired, the directors will primarily consider the potential benefits to the Company, the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed, and the financial position of the Company at that time.

For additional information, please refer to the Company's website at www.sanatanaresources.com. For all regulatory filings including news releases, please refer to the Company's profile on www.sedar.com.